

Restructuring the West European Party Space in the Great Recession: continuity and change

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Overview

Question: Did the Great Recession transform the structure of party competition in Western Europe?

- Six countries of North-Western Europe: A, CH, D, F, NL, UK
- Long-term perspective since the 1970s
- Has the Great Recession modified the long-term trends?



Overview

Long-term trends

Great Recession: expectations about its impact

Data and methods

Results:

- The structuring capacity of economic and new cultural issues
- The shifting party configurations

Conclusion



Long-term trends

Two waves of political mobilization since the 1970s

- The rise of the New Left: an expression of structural conflicts within European nation-states ('silent revolution'), driven by:
 - new middle class;
 - 'new politics' (Green and transformed Social-democratic parties)
- The rise of the New Right: an expression of structural conflicts linked to globalization, driven by:
 - losers of globalization
 - radical populist right (including transformed (liberal-) conservative parties)



Long-term trends

Two waves of political mobilization since the 1970s

- Two waves focused on new cultural issues,
 - from religious conflicts to conflicts between universalistic and traditionalist-communitarian positions (cultural liberalism, immigration, European integration)
 - became more important for party competition (decline of class conflict, convergence of major parties on economic issues)
- Not necessarily zero-sum game between economic-cultural issues
 - Convergence on economic issues: valence issues, but
 - Competition on valence issues remains intense



Long-term trends

Implications for party competition

- Increase of overall party competition as a result of split on the right between
 - centre-right (culturally and economically liberal) and
 - New Right (culturally conservative and economically liberal: 'winning formula')
- Tripolar party systems in a two-dimensional party space



Impact of the Great Recession

Impact of the Great Recession

Expectations:

- structuring capacity of the two dimensions
- configurations



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Impact of the Great Recession

Expectations: Structuring capacity of the two dimensions:

Structuring capacity (politicization)=salience*polarization

- Salience:
 - Economic dimension (economic voting): mixed expectations
 - valence issue economy always salient
 - crisis cyclical economic punishment
 - but: crisis of limited proportions/rapid recovery
 - Cultural dimension (convergence theory): competition shifts to other issues - to new cultural issues
 - Left: cultural liberalism
 - Right: Euroscepticism, immigration



Impact of the Great Recession

Expectations: Politicization of the two dimensions:

- Polarization:
 - Economic dimension: mixed expectations
 - convergence theory: general acceptance of macro-economic austerity, but
 - 'renewal of the left': increasing polarization in terms of policies owned by the left (labor market and social policy)
 - leftward shift of New Right on economic dimension
 - New cultural issues: increasing polarization
 - rightward shift of the Centre-Right on the cultural dimension (European integration, immigration)



Impact of the Great Recession

Expectations: summary hypotheses:

Structuring capacity:

- H1: economic issues: limited increase of politicization
- **H2**: new cultural issues: increased politicization
- **H3**: overall structuring capacity of the two types of issues: increased

Configurations: Depending on the combination of strategies on the Right:

- H4: accentuation of the tri-polar (or polygon) party configuration (New Right shifts leftward)
- H5: bipolarization (New Right sticks to 'magic formula'/Centre Right polarizes)



Data and methods

Data:

- Core sentence analysis of newspaper articles in electoral campaigns
- 23 election campaigns in the six countries since 2000: 14 pre-crisis and 9 crisis elections
- Actor-issue relations
 - Actors: parties
 - Issues: 11 issue categories; economic (welfare, economic liberalism/austerity); new cultural (cultural liberalism, immigration, European integration)



Data and methods

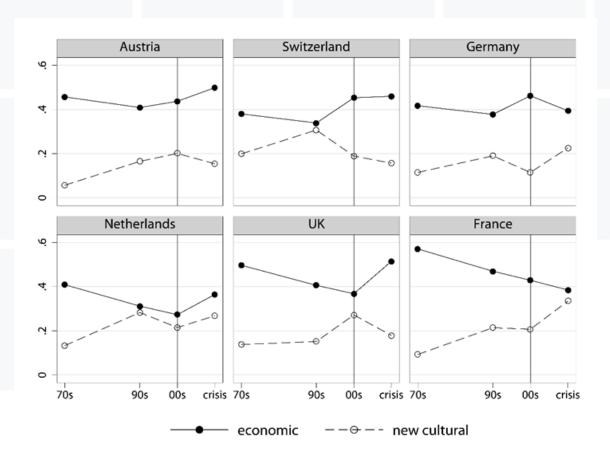
Measures and methods:

- Measures:
 - Salience=share of core sentences on a given issue category
 - Polarization=weighted standard deviation of parties on issue
- MDS:
 - Weighted multidimensional scaling: a flexible method similar to factor analysis



Results

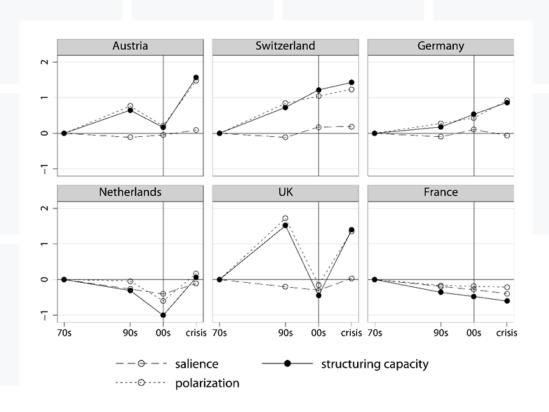
Salience of economic and new cultural issues





Results

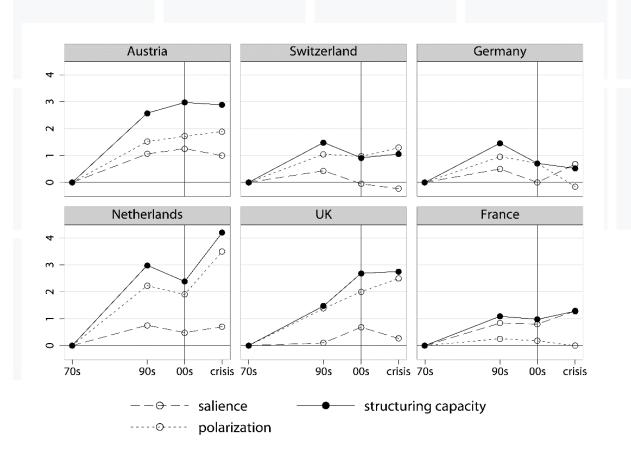
Structuring capacity of economic issues





Results

Structuring capacity of new cultural issues





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Results

In sum:

(limited) increasing structuring by economic issues

- +stabilizing structuring by new cultural issue
- =increasing overall politicization to record levels



Results

Switzerland

- Bipolarization: SVP sticks to 'magic formula', centre-right moves to the right on cultural dimension
- increasing polarization on economic dimension: renewal of SP, but no trespassing of centre-right



Results

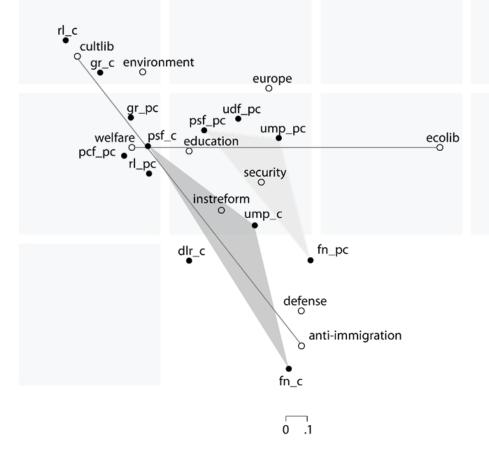
Shifting configurations (pre-crisis (2000s) to crisis (2008-)

- All configurations are
 - two-dimensional, but more or less correlated (CH, A, F)
 - At least tripolar, with the New Right as one pole (shifting to the left), except in CH
- Two patterns (accentuation+increasing structuring):
 - D, F: leftward shift on economic dimension+greater polarization on cultural dimension
 - Other four: polarization on both dimensions
 - Two configurations per graph: two polygons (pre- vs post-crisis)



Results

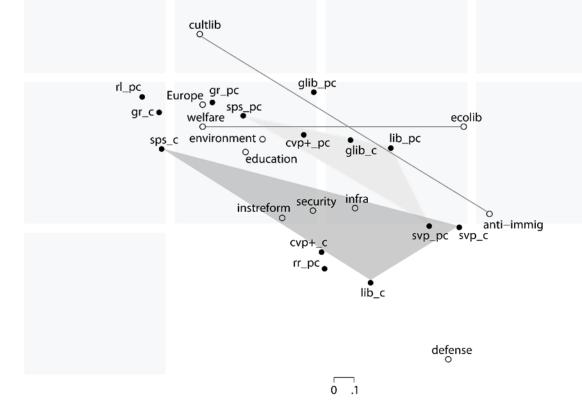
The configuration of the partisan space: France





Results

The configuration of the partisan space: Switzerland





Conclusion

- Continuity of long-term tends
 - Two dimensions (cultural dimension redefined)
 - Tripolar configurations (except for Switzerland)
- Reinvigoration of the economic dimension, except for France
 - Renewal of social democrats' agenda: shift to the left
 - Leftward shift of New Right
 - contradicts convergence hypothesis
- Unexpectedly: no increase in structuring capacity of the new cultural issues in the crisis, except for France
 - contradicts convergence hypothesis
 - But: refugees' crisis and security crisis

